

ANDLAUER HEALTHCARE GROUP INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023

March 5, 2024

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations ("MD&A") for the three months and year ended December 31, 2023 should be read in conjunction with Andlauer Healthcare Group Inc.'s audited annual consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, along with the related notes thereto. This MD&A is presented as of March 5, 2024 and is current to that date unless otherwise stated.

All references in this MD&A to the "Company", "AHG", "us", "our" or "we" refer to Andlauer Healthcare Group Inc., together with our direct and indirect subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, which is referred to as "the Company" in our financial statements. Additionally, all references to "Q4 2023" are to the three months ended December 31, 2023, "Q4 2022" are to the three months ended December 31, 2023, "Q4 2022" are to the three months ended December 31, 2022; "Q4 2021" are to the three months ended December 31, 2021, "Q3 2023" are to the three months ended September 30, 2023; "Q3 2022" are to the three months ended September 30, 2022; "Q2 2023" are to the three months ended June 30, 2023; "Q2 2022" are to the three months ended June 30, 2022; "Q1 2023" are to the three months ended March 31, 2023; "Q1 2022" are to the three months ended March 31, 2023; "G1 2022" are to the three months ended March 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2024" are to the year ending December 31, 2024; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2024; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "G1 2022" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "G1 2022" are to the three months ended March 31, 2022; "Fiscal 2024" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2024" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the year ended December 31, 2023; "Fiscal 2023" are to the

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A contains forward-looking information and forward-looking statements (collectively, "forwardlooking information") within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Forward-looking information may relate to our future financial outlook and anticipated events or results and may include information regarding our financial position, business strategy, growth strategies, addressable markets, budgets, operations, financial results, taxes, dividend policy, plans, objectives, and expectations with respect to the coronavirus disease ("COVID-19"). Particularly, information regarding our expectations of future results, performance, achievements, facility expansions, leases, platform expansions, acquisitions, public company costs, payment of dividends, prospects, financial targets or outlook, intentions, opportunities, activity under the NCIB and ASPP (each as defined below) and the markets in which we operate is forward-looking information. In some cases, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "targets", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "an opportunity exists", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "outlook", "forecasts", "projection", "prospects", "strategy", "intends", "anticipates", "does not anticipate", "believes", "commencing" or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might", "will", "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, intentions, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances contain forward-looking information. Statements containing forward-looking information are not historical facts but instead represent management's expectations, estimates and projections regarding future events or circumstances.

Such forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by the inherent risks, uncertainties and changes in circumstances surrounding future expectations which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond the control of the Company.

This forward-looking information and other forward-looking information is based on our opinions, estimates and assumptions in light of our experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors that we currently believe are appropriate and reasonable in the circumstances. Despite a careful process to prepare and review the forward-looking information, there can be no assurance that the underlying opinions, estimates and assumptions will prove to be correct.

Forward-looking information is necessarily based on a number of opinions, estimates and assumptions that, while considered by the Company to be appropriate and reasonable as of the date of this MD&A, are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, assumptions and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to:

- the impact of inflation and rising interest rates together with the threats of stagflation or recession;
- the uncertainties in the global economy created by the war in Ukraine and the Israel-Hamas war;
- the impact of variation in the value of the Canadian dollar in relation to the U.S. dollar;
- the impact of changing conditions in the healthcare logistics and transportation services market;
- risks and liabilities associated with the transportation of dangerous goods;
- our ability to comply with U.S. foreign ownership, control or influence mitigation measures;
- our ability to execute our growth strategies;
- increasing competition in the healthcare logistics and transportation services market in which we operate;
- volatility in financial markets;
- changes in the attitudes, financial condition and demand of our target markets;
- developments and changes in applicable laws and regulations;
- our ability to source and complete acquisitions;
- our ability to successfully integrate businesses and assets that we acquire and realize synergies;
- our ability to retain and grow revenue with existing clients and develop new clientele;
- our ability to retain members of our management team and key personnel;
- increases in driver compensation and the ability to attract and retain employees;
- the availability of equipment and drivers in the markets in which we operate;
- the possibility of a cyber attack impacting our information systems;
- our ability to expand into additional markets; and
- such other factors discussed in greater detail under "Risk Factors" in this MD&A and in our Annual Information Form dated March 5, 2024 for Fiscal 2023 (the "AIF") which is available on our profile on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR+") at <u>www.sedarplus.ca</u>.

If any of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or if the opinions, estimates, or assumptions underlying the forward-looking information prove incorrect, actual results or future events might vary materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking information. The opinions, estimates or assumptions referred to above and described in greater detail in "Risk Factors" should be considered carefully by prospective investors.

In addition, statements that "we believe" and similar statements reflect our beliefs and opinions on the relevant subject. Forward-looking information is provided for the purpose of presenting information about management's current expectations and plans relating to the future and allowing investors and others to get a better understanding of our anticipated financial position, results of operations and operating environment. Readers are cautioned that such information may not be appropriate for other purposes.

Although we have attempted to identify important risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking information, there may be other risk factors not presently known to us or that we presently believe are not material that could also cause actual results or future events to differ materially from those expressed in such forward-looking information. There can be no assurance that such information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information, which speaks only as of the date made. The forward-looking information contained in this MD&A represents our expectations as of the date of this MD&A (or as of the date they are otherwise stated to be made) and are subject to change after such date. However, we disclaim any intention or obligation or undertaking to update or revise any forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required under applicable securities laws.

All of the forward-looking information contained in this MD&A is expressly qualified by the foregoing cautionary statements.

Basis of Presentation

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and are presented in thousands of Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Non-IFRS Measures

This MD&A refers to certain non-IFRS measures. These measures are not recognized measures under IFRS, do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Rather, these measures are provided as additional information to complement those IFRS measures by providing further understanding of our results of operations from management's perspective. Accordingly, these measures should not be considered in isolation nor as a substitute for analysis of our financial information reported under IFRS. We use non-IFRS measures including "EBITDA" and "EBITDA Margin". These non-IFRS measures are used to provide investors with supplemental measures of our operating performance and thus highlight trends in our core business that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on IFRS financial measures. We also believe that securities analysts, investors, and other interested parties frequently use non-IFRS measures in the evaluation of issuers. Our management also uses non-IFRS measures to facilitate operating performance comparisons from period to period, to prepare annual operating budgets and to determine components of management compensation.

For a description of how we define these non-IFRS Measures and an explanation of why the non-IFRS measures provide useful information to investors, please see "How We Assess the Performance of Our Business – Non-IFRS Measures" below.

For quantitative reconciliations of net income to EBITDA for Q4 2023, Fiscal 2023, Q4 2022, Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021, please see "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" below.

Overview

AHG was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Ontario) on November 12, 2019, with its head office located at 100 Vaughan Valley Blvd, Woodbridge, ON, L4H 3C5. The Company's subordinate voting shares ("Subordinate Voting Shares") are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") under the stock symbol "AND".

We are a leading and growing supply chain management company with a platform of customized third-party logistics ("3PL") and specialized transportation solutions for the healthcare sector. We offer services to healthcare manufacturers, wholesalers, distributors and 3PL providers, among others, through a comprehensive platform of high quality, technology-enabled supply chain solutions for a range of products, including: pharmaceuticals, vaccines, biologics, blood products, narcotics, precursors, active pharmaceutical ingredients, over-the-counter, natural health, animal health, consumer health, cosmetics, health and beauty aids, and medical devices. We integrate our uniquely designed Canada-wide network of facilities, vehicles, personnel, and technology systems into our clients' businesses to offer holistic solutions that span all of our clients' shipping needs and satisfy the requirements of the highly regulated Canadian healthcare sector. During Fiscal 2021, we expanded our specialized transportation capabilities, through acquisitions, into truckload services for the healthcare sector in the United States.

We differentiate our service offerings and deliver value to our clients through our competitive strengths in temperature management, quality assurance and regulatory compliance, technology-enabled visibility throughout the supply chain and security. We are committed to developing and expanding long-term strategic relationships with our clients to provide improved operational efficiencies and access to value-added services. We generate revenue across five principal product lines: logistics and distribution, packaging solutions, air freight forwarding, ground transportation, and dedicated and last mile delivery.

We believe that we are Canada's only national third-party service provider focused exclusively on delivering customized, end-to-end logistics and specialized transportation solutions to the healthcare sector. Our 3PL services are provided under our Accuristix and LSU brands, through which we provide customized logistics, distribution and packaging solutions to various healthcare manufacturers. Our specialized transportation solutions are offered under our ATS Healthcare, ATS Dedicated and Skelton brands in Canada, where we provide a one-stop shop for our clients' healthcare transportation needs through our specialized air freight forwarding, ground transportation, dedicated delivery and last mile services. We believe we are a national leader in the Canadian healthcare logistics and specialized transportation markets we serve.

We also provide specialized transportation services domestically in the United States under our Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA brands (each as defined below). Boyle Transportation provides specialized transportation services to clients in the life sciences (approximately 70-75% of revenue) and government/defense sectors (approximately 25-30% of revenue). Boyle Transportation adheres to stringent quality and security standards, employs highly trained and dedicated professionals, continually invests in advanced technology and equipment, and has an expansive reach across the United States. Skelton USA was launched in 2017 and has grown by successfully leveraging its Canadian reputation and brand for expertise in cold chain services. Skelton USA currently serves customers across the United States.

In our healthcare logistics segment, we serve as an extension of our manufacturing clients, leveraging our infrastructure and expertise to manage their supply chain activities, allowing them to focus on other strategic priorities such as sales, marketing, research and development. We focus on serving our logistics clients as comprehensively as possible and incorporate multiple services from all of our related product lines into our customized logistics solutions.

In our specialized transportation segment, we leverage our national infrastructure in Canada to offer coastto-coast delivery, including specialized facilities, multiple modes of transportation and flexible capacity to accommodate the full range of our clients' logistics and/or transportation needs on an integrated and efficient basis. By combining multiple service offerings, we can effectively provide managed and monitored movement of our clients' temperature sensitive and valuable products through a closed-loop nation-wide system.

Our competitive strengths in temperature management, quality assurance and regulatory compliance, visibility throughout the supply chain and security are deployed across our Canada-wide network of 31 secure, temperature-controlled facilities, the six third-party owned cross-docks that we operate from and by our team of highly trained employees. Our security, information and monitoring systems, as well as our temperature management expertise, allow us to meet and exceed Health Canada guidelines and regulations, ensuring the integrity and quality of our clients' temperature sensitive healthcare goods and data.

We also have four facilities in the United States.

Additional information about AHG, including our AIF, can be found on our profile on SEDAR+ at <u>www.sedarplus.ca</u> or on our website at <u>www.andlauerheathcare.com</u>.

Summary of Factors Affecting Performance

We believe that our performance and future success depend on a number of factors that present significant opportunities for us. These factors are also subject to a number of inherent risks and challenges, some of which are discussed below and in the "Risk Factors" section of this MD&A and in our AIF.

Service Offering

We believe that offering a platform of services designed specifically for the healthcare sector puts us in a unique position as a provider of supply chain solutions. Our competitive strengths in temperature management, quality assurance and regulatory compliance, visibility throughout the supply chain and security allow us to provide healthcare clients with specialized, integrated, end-to-end supply chain solutions. Through our five principal, complementary service offerings: logistics and distribution, packaging solutions, air freight forwarding, ground transportation, and dedicated and last mile delivery, we accommodate our clients' specialized supply chain needs on an integrated and efficient basis.

Relationships with Manufacturers and Distributors

We believe that our market position is strengthened by the desire of our clients to increasingly outsource their supply-chain management to specialized service providers with the healthcare quality systems, operational expertise, and experience to efficiently optimize their product distribution. We are committed to developing and expanding long-term strategic relationships with our clients to provide improved operational efficiencies and access to value-added services. From manufacturers to distributors to retail locations to front doors across Canada and the United States, we store, transport, and monitor and manage the temperature conditions of a range of healthcare products. Our trained personnel comply with healthcare industry regulations and best practices.

New Development Projects

We secure client contract wins as a foundation for growth and then add incremental warehousing and distribution square footage through capital efficient leases. Given the required lead-time to build and license facilities, as we secure new major client contracts, we typically strategically invest in excess capacity in anticipation of growing client needs, as well as new client opportunities, which enables capital efficient growth.

Demographics and Healthcare Spending

We believe that we are strategically positioned to directly benefit from the strong growth expected in the North American healthcare sector, which is driven by a number of favourable trends including an aging population, increased life expectancy, increasing healthcare spending, and an increasing number of healthcare products requiring unique logistics needs. Vaccines and biologics, for example, are generally temperature sensitive and require varying degrees of temperature conditions for transportation and storage.

Regulatory Environment

In order to maintain the safety, quality and efficacy of healthcare products, government regulations set out rules relating to, among other things, the packaging, warehousing, distribution, transportation and temperature monitoring of such products. The pace of introduction and complexity of such regulations has increased in recent years, including through the introduction of, and revisions to, many Health Canada guidelines, such as Health Canada's GUI-0069 - Guidelines for Environmental Control of Drugs During Storage and Transportation ("GUI-0069"), among others. Recognizing the ever-changing regulatory demands on the healthcare sector, we take a proactive approach to stay aligned with regulatory protocols, provide environments that are compliant with Good Manufacturing Practices and offer our clients' real-time monitoring and reporting. By outsourcing their logistics and transportation needs to AHG and our specialized services platform, our clients can focus on their core business.

While we believe the United States does not have as rigorous standards as Canada or Europe regarding the transportation of healthcare products, healthcare manufacturers are demanding high quality temperature control and monitoring as well as security and visibility for their truckload shipments in the United States, which aligns with our specialized transportation solutions. Both Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA comply with United States Pharmacopeia (USP) chapter <1079> Good Storage & Distribution Practices for Drug Products, to the extent applicable for transportation.

Boyle Transportation complies with U.S. Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration regulations regarding the transportation of hazardous materials. Additionally, the National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual requires that Boyle Transportation be effectively insulated from any Foreign Ownership, Control, or Influence to perform on certain U.S. Department of Defense contracts and operates, under AHG's ownership, pursuant to a pending Special Security Agreement with the U.S. Defense Counterintelligence and Surveillance Agency.

Competition

We believe that we offer a unique set of services in the marketplace and stand apart from other outsourced healthcare service providers and traditional logistics and transportation companies. In particular, we believe our differentiated capabilities, including our temperature management expertise, together with our coast-to-coast distribution network in Canada and multiple service offerings, uniquely positions us within our industry and sets us apart from companies specializing in global integration and supply chain management, national non-temperature managed solutions, regional temperature managed solutions as well as niche service providers and insourced transportation services. Notwithstanding the foregoing, we do compete with

UPS Supply Chain Solutions, Kuehne + Nagel and Lynden Logistics in our delivery of 3PL services, and with UPS, FedEx, Purolator, and several regional players in the specialized transportation space in Canada.

In the United States, Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA compete with a large number of regional carriers as well as national transportation providers, such as FedEx and CRST.

Acquisitions

We selectively evaluate strategically compelling acquisition opportunities that leverage or expand our differentiated capabilities. In pursuing potential acquisition opportunities, we assess several criteria to expand our domestic platform, including: (i) complementary tuck-ins; and (ii) entry or expansion into growth verticals, new verticals and new service offerings. We will continue to assess opportunities for expansion in the U.S. or into international markets through existing platforms that align with our core capabilities and existing service offerings.

On October 5, 2020, we completed two tuck-in acquisitions: TDS Logistics Ltd. ("TDS"), now branded as "ATS Dedicated", and McAllister Courier Inc. ("MCI"), our first acquisitions as a public company. These two regionally focused temperature-controlled transportation businesses increased the reach of our services and expanded our market presence in Ontario.

On March 1, 2021, we acquired 100% of Skelton Canada Inc. ("Skelton") and 49% of Skelton USA Inc. ("Skelton USA" and together with Skelton, the "Skelton Companies") which enhanced our platform with expanded national 2-8°C specialized temperature-controlled capabilities and provided us with a strategic entry into the U.S. market.

On November 1, 2021, we acquired 100% of T.F. Boyle Transportation, Inc. ("Boyle Transportation"), which provides specialized transportation services to clients in the life sciences and government/defense sectors, and the remaining 51% of Skelton USA, increasing our aggregate ownership of Skelton USA to 100%.

On March 1, 2022, we acquired 100% of Logistics Support Unit (LSU) Inc. ("LSU"). LSU is a third-party logistics provider offering specialty pharmacy, warehousing, distribution, and order management services throughout Canada to national and international companies as well as government clients in the pharmaceutical, medical, and biotechnology sectors.

Management & Employees

Our employee culture is one of our fundamental strengths and a strategic priority. Our employees are passionate about our business and are dedicated to creating and improving solutions for our clients. We empower our employees through training and professional development programs and maintain open lines of communication that encourage our employees to suggest ways in which we can improve our operations. We recognize and celebrate employees who act as leaders within our team and promote movement within our organization in an effort to retain and encourage our top talent. As a result of this collaborative employee culture, we have fostered strong relationships with our employees across our operating segments, none of which are subject to collective bargaining agreements.

During Fiscal 2023 we implemented a new long-term incentive plan under our Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan dated December 11, 2019, for certain management members in order to further promote share ownership among our employees, ensure that employees can participate in the Company's growth through its share price, and retain employees over the long-term.

Cost Management

In order to provide the services that we offer, we incur various operating costs. These costs include amongst others, labour, rent, fuel, equipment, and insurance. We are susceptible to increases in the price of these items, many of which can fluctuate, often due to factors beyond our control, such as regional and global supply and demand dynamics, political events, global pandemics, terrorist activities, the strength of the Canadian dollar relative to other currencies, and natural disasters.

To mitigate the risk of cost escalation, we focus on operational excellence, synergies between our product lines and cost controls. We rely on, among other things, long-term planning, budgeting processes, and internal benchmarking to achieve our profitability targets. Additionally, we mitigate the risk of inflation by utilizing leases to finance our network of facilities, many of our vehicles and our logistics equipment, as well as by using third-party service providers. We also mitigate our exposure to rising fuel costs through the implementation of fuel surcharge programs, which pass the majority of cost increases to our clients. In addition, we have implemented a number of policies that focus on asset efficiency, including fuel economy, asset utilization, proper repairs and maintenance of equipment, and measured equipment lease renewals. Many of our contracts include cost escalation indexes that provide for annual price adjustments which further protect us from escalating costs.

Financial and Operational Highlights

We refer the reader to the section entitled "How We Assess the Performance of Our Business" of this MD&A for the definition of the items discussed below and, when applicable, to the section entitled "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" for quantitative reconciliations of net income to EBITDA.

Q4 2023 Compared to Q4 2022

Select highlights include the following:

- Revenue was \$169.1 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$165.8 million in Q4 2022;
- Operating income was \$28.0 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$28.2 million in Q4 2022;
- Net income was \$18.6 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$19.8 million in Q4 2022;
- Total comprehensive income for Q4 2023 was \$13.5 million, compared to \$17.1 million in Q4 2022;
- EBITDA was \$44.8 million in Q4 2023, compared to \$44.7 million in Q4 2022; and
- EBITDA Margin was 26.5% in Q4 2023, compared to 27.0% in Q4 2022.

Fiscal 2023 Compared to Fiscal 2022

Select highlights include the following:

- Revenue was \$648.0 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$648.4 million in Fiscal 2022;
- Operating income was \$96.1 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$110.3 million in Fiscal 2022;
- Net income was \$66.1 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$76.3 million in Fiscal 2022;
- Total comprehensive income was \$60.7 million in Fiscal 2023, compared with \$91.0 million in Fiscal 2022;
- EBITDA was \$163.8 million in Fiscal 2023, compared to \$174.5 million in Fiscal 2022;
- EBITDA Margin was 25.3% in Fiscal 2023, compared to 26.9% in Fiscal 2022; and
- During Fiscal 2023, less than 1.0% of total revenue was derived from our clients that are involved in the Canadian supply of COVID-19 vaccines, compared with approximately 3.0% in Fiscal 2022 and approximately 4.0% in Fiscal 2021; and
- On March 1, 2022, we acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of LSU for consideration of approximately \$26.7 million.

How We Assess the Performance of Our Business

We have historically operated and managed our healthcare logistics and specialized transportation segments as separate businesses with separate management teams. Our healthcare logistics segment operates under the brand names Accuristix and LSU; and our specialized transportation segment operates under the brand names ATS Healthcare, ATS Dedicated, Boyle Transportation and Skelton Truck Lines. Following our initial public offering ("IPO") completed December 11, 2019, both Accuristix and ATS Healthcare have continued to operate autonomously, each having its own management. Skelton, which we acquired on March 1, 2021, and Boyle Transportation segment, also operate autonomously, as they did prior to their respective acquisitions. Similarly, LSU, which we acquired on March 1, 2022, operates autonomously and is included in our healthcare logistics segment. Over time, as we grow, our operating segments may change. If this occurs, we will reflect the change in our reporting practices.

Except for tractors (with respect to periods prior to Q3 2023) and trailers purchased by Skelton and Boyle Transportation, our operating segments conduct their businesses in a manner that limits capital investments. We prefer to lease facilities and certain equipment rather than allocating significant cash flows to capital expenditures. We believe our business model provides us with greater flexibility, cost savings and lower risks, as compared to more capital expenditure intensive models. Accordingly, lease costs comprise a significant component of our expenses. Under IFRS 16 – Leases ("IFRS 16"), leases have been capitalized, resulting in the costs associated with our leases being recorded as depreciation and interest expense. We believe that the cash flows associated with our lease payments are a relevant metric in evaluating the performance of our business.

Revenue

We generate revenue from the provision of supply chain solutions to the Canadian and United States healthcare sectors. Across our healthcare logistics and specialized transportation operating segments, we generate revenue across five principal product lines: logistics and distribution, packaging solutions, air freight forwarding, ground transportation, and dedicated and last mile delivery.

Our healthcare logistics segment, which offers services under our Accuristix and LSU brands, generates revenue from the provision of logistics and distribution services and packaging solutions to our clients. Services are typically provided under master service agreements with terms that range from three to five years in length. Our logistics contracts typically include a single performance obligation that is satisfied over time as clients simultaneously receive and consume the benefits of our services. For this performance obligation, we recognize revenue at the invoiced amount since this amount corresponds directly to our performance and the value to the client. In some cases, our agreements include other performance obligations related to managing transportation and other client services which are included in our logistics and distribution product line. These services are typically priced at their stand-alone selling prices and are recognized over time as the client simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits of our services. Intersegment revenue generated by Credo Systems Canada Inc. from the sale of thermal packaging containers to ATS Healthcare, as well as intra-segment revenue between Accuristix and Nova Pack Ltd. ("Nova Pack") is eliminated on consolidation.

Our specialized transportation segment, which offers services under our ATS Healthcare, ATS Dedicated, Boyle Transportation and Skelton Truck Lines brands, generates revenue from the provision of specialized temperature-controlled, as well as non-temperature controlled, ground transportation, air freight forwarding and dedicated and last mile transportation services to our clients. Certain additional services are provided to clients as requested as part of their transportation contracts, such as chain of custody and other incidental services. Transportation revenue is recognized proportionally as a shipment moves from origin to destination and the related costs are recognized as incurred. Performance obligations are short-term, with transit typically taking less than one week. Generally, clients are billed upon shipment of the freight, and remit payment according to approved payment terms. Intersegment revenue generated by ATS Healthcare and Skelton from the provision of transportation services to Accuristix and LSU, on behalf of their logistics clients, is eliminated on consolidation.

Our Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA subsidiaries provide specialized temperature-controlled services to healthcare companies in the United States, and, in the case of Boyle Transportation, to certain defense contractors and the U.S. Department of Defense. These companies, acquired in Fiscal 2021, align with our specialized transportation segment in all material respects except that they focus on full truckload ground transportation services, which traditionally realize lower margins than our ground transportation businesses in Canada.

As is customary in our industry, most of our client contracts and transportation pricing terms include fuelsurcharge revenue programs or cost recovery mechanisms to mitigate the effect of fuel price increases over base amounts established in the contract. However, these fuel surcharge mechanisms may not capture the entire amount of changes in fuel prices, and there is also a lag between the payment for fuel and collection of surcharge revenue. Increases or decreases in fuel prices increase or reduce the cost of transportation and services, and will accordingly increase or reduce our revenues and may reduce or increase margins for certain product lines. During Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2023, fluctuations in diesel fuel prices have impacted both revenue and cost of transportation and services more significantly than in prior periods.

Cost of Transportation and Services

Our cost of transportation and services expense includes the cost of providing or procuring freight transportation to our clients. The cost of transportation and services for our specialized transportation segment includes: linehaul costs to connect our national network; pick-up and delivery costs paid to brokers, agents, and our drivers; fuel, toll fees and maintenance costs; and inbound and outbound handling costs which are largely comprised of hourly paid dock labour. The cost of transportation and services for our healthcare logistics segment includes purchased transportation services, including fuel surcharges, sourced from carriers. ATS Healthcare is the largest provider of transportation services to Accuristix and LSU, followed by Skelton. Intersegment purchased transportation expense is eliminated on consolidation.

Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses are both fixed and variable and consist of operating costs related to our facilities (including our distribution centres, branches and the cross-docks that we operate from). Direct operating expenses consist mainly of personnel costs and facility and equipment expenses such as property taxes, utilities, equipment maintenance and repair, costs of materials and supplies, security and insurance expenses. We note that under IFRS 16 the costs associated with our leases are not recognized in our direct operating expenses.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, General and Administrative ("SG&A") expenses primarily consist of the cost of salaries and benefits for executive and certain administration functions, including information technology, sales and client service, finance and accounting, professional fees, facility costs, legal costs and other expenses related to the corporate infrastructure required to support our business.

Depreciation & Amortization

Depreciation and amortization charges comprise non-cash charges expensed on the statement of income and

comprehensive income to spread the purchase price of assets over their useful lives. Within both of our operating segments, we lease facilities and certain equipment rather than allocating significant cash flows to capital expenditures. We believe this approach provides us with greater flexibility and lower risks and results in cost savings as compared to capital expenditure intensive models. Accordingly, lease costs comprise a significant component of our expenses. Under IFRS 16, leases have been capitalized, resulting in depreciation and interest expense rather than direct operating expense.

Operating Income

Operating Income measures the amount of profit derived from our operations after deducting operating expenses such as cost of transportation and services, direct operating expense, SG&A, and depreciation and amortization. We do not typically measure "cost of sales or gross profit" as we are a service business.

Gain on Step Acquisition of Equity-Accounted Investee

We completed our acquisition of Skelton USA in two separate transactions (49% on March 1, 2021 and the remaining 51% on November 1, 2021). In accordance with IFRS 3 – Business Combinations ("IFRS 3"), we re-measured our previously held equity interest in Skelton USA at its estimated fair value on November 1, 2021 resulting in a gain being recognized from the step acquisition in Fiscal 2021.

Share of Profit of Equity-Accounted Investee, Net of Tax

Following the acquisition of a 49% interest in Skelton USA on March 1, 2021, we determined that AHG did not control Skelton USA until the remaining 51% of Skelton USA was acquired on November 1, 2021. Accordingly, between March 1, 2021 and October 31, 2021, we accounted for our investment in Skelton USA using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, an equity investment is initially recorded at cost and is subsequently adjusted to reflect the investor's share of the net profit or loss of the investee. From November 1, 2021 forward, Skelton USA is consolidated with AHG in accordance with IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements.

Interest Expense

Interest expense comprises interest charged to the statement of income and comprehensive income primarily in connection with leased facilities and equipment under IFRS 16, and for borrowings under our Credit Facilities.

Interest Income

Interest income comprises interest earned on cash and cash equivalents. In Fiscal 2021, we sub-leased a facility to a third party that had previously been classified as a right-of-use asset. We derecognized the net book value from right-of-use assets and established a net investment sub-lease in connection with this facility. Interest income includes interest generated by this sub-lease.

Other Income/Expense

Other income (expense) comprises income or expenses that do not arise from our main business, such as exchange gains (losses) and gains (losses) resulting from the sale of property, plant and equipment and certain other insignificant sources.

Income Tax Expense/Recovery

Income tax expense (recovery) comprises the amount that we have recognized in the accounting period related to our taxable income. Our effective tax rate is generally close to the statutory rate, but certain differences between income for tax and accounting income are recognized in the deferred income tax

provision.

Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment

In preparing our consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of each entity are translated into Canadian dollars. The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to Canadian dollars at exchange rates as at the balance sheet date. Revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated to Canadian dollars at exchange rates that approximate those on the date of the underlying transaction. Foreign exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity in accumulated other comprehensive income.

Non-IFRS Measures

EBITDA

We define EBITDA as net income for the period before: (i) income tax expense (recovery); (ii) interest income; (iii) interest expense; and (iv) depreciation and amortization. Net income is the most directly comparable IFRS financial measure disclosed in our financial statements to which EBITDA relates, and a reconciliation with this measure is presented under "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures".

We believe EBITDA is a useful measure to assess our financial performance because it provides a more relevant picture of operating results by excluding the effects of expenses that are not reflective of our underlying business performance.

In accordance with IFRS 3, when we obtained control of Skelton USA, we re-measured our previously held equity interest in our equity-accounted investee at its estimated fair value on November 1, 2021 resulting in a gain of \$37.9 million being recognized from the step acquisition in Fiscal 2021. For comparative purposes with other periods, we have presented EBITDA and EBITDA Margin excluding the gain on step acquisition in this MD&A for Fiscal 2021.

EBITDA Margin

We define EBITDA Margin as EBITDA divided by revenue. EBITDA Margin represents a measure of our profitability expressed as a percentage of revenue.

We believe EBITDA Margin is a useful measure to assess our financial performance because it helps quantify our ability to convert revenues generated from clients into EBITDA.

Selected Consolidated Financial Information

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the periods indicated. The selected consolidated financial information for Q4 2023, Q4 2022, Fiscal 2023, Fiscal 2022 and Fiscal 2021 has been derived from our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto. See "Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures" for quantitative reconciliations of net income to EBITDA.

\$CAD 000s)	Three Mor Decem			Year Ended December 31,	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2021
evenue					
Logistics & distribution	40,851	37,911	159,168	155,575	115,255
Packaging solutions	3,269	3,925	16,761	21,290	20,072
Healthcare Logistics segment	44,120	41,836	175,929	176,865	135,327
Ground transportation	113,607	113,057	429,174	422,236	261,870
Air freight forwarding	8,013	7,549	30,595	34,383	29,214
Dedicated and last mile delivery	18,324	17,354	68,821	66,896	52,260
Intersegment revenue	(14,997)	(14,024)	(56,567)	(51,957)	(38,556)
Specialized Transportation segment	124,947	123,936	472,023	471,558	304,788
Total revenue	169,067	165,772	647,952	648,423	440,115
Operating expenses					
Cost of transportation and services	85,790	86,336	328,493	322,844	201,784
Direct operating expense	25,083	20,989	103,829	102,280	84,861
Selling, general and administrative	12,829	13,826	51,428	48,502	37,051
Depreciation & amortization	17,321	16,455	68,149	64,452	42,716
	141,023	137,606	551,899	538,078	366,412
Operating income	28,044	28,166	96,053	110,345	73,703
Gain on step acquisition of equity- accounted investee	-	-	-	-	37,921
Share of profit of equity-accounted investee, net of tax	-	-	-	-	2,469
Interest expense	(2,476)	(1,867)	(8,207)	(6,858)	(6,219)
Interest income	770	396	3,170	599	198
Other (expense) income	(592)	63	(409)	(328)	368
Income tax expense	(7,185)	(6,934)	(24,467)	(27,483)	(18,486)
Net income	18,561	19,824	66,140	76,275	89,954
Other comprehensive income					
Net income	18,561	19,824	66,140	76,275	89,954
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(5,021)	(2,772)	(5,448)	14,743	2,889
Total comprehensive income	13,540	17,052	60,692	91,018	92,843
Earnings per share					
Earnings per share – basic	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.47	\$ 1.58	\$ 1.82	\$2.3
Earnings per share – diluted	\$ 0.44	\$ 0.46	\$ 1.55	\$ 1.79	\$2.2
Select financial metrics ¹					
EBITDA ¹	44,773	44,684	163,793	174,469	157,17
EBITDA Margin ¹	26.5%	27.0%	25.3%	26.9%	35.7
EBITDA ¹ excluding gain on step acquisition	44,773	44,684	163,793	174,469	119,25
EBITDA Margin ¹ excluding gain on step acquisition	26.5%	27.0%	25.3%	26.9%	27.19

Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

¹ These are non-IFRS financial measures. See "How We Assess the Performance of Our Business – Non-IFRS Measures" for further information on these measures.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(\$CAD 000s)	As	As At December 31,			
	2023	2022	2021		
Select financial position data					
Total assets	682,426	712,460	644,169		
Total non-current liabilities	143,364	185,690	201,521		

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(\$CAD 000s)		Three Months Ended December 31,				
	2023	2023 2022			2021	
Select financial data						
Dividends	3,732	2,934	14,202	10,883	7,854	

Reconciliation of Non-IFRS Measures

The following table provides a reconciliation of net income to EBITDA for the periods indicated:

(\$CAD 000s)	Three Mon Decemb				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2021
Net income	18,561	19,824	66,140	76,275	89,954
Income tax expense	7,185	6,934	24,467	27,483	18,486
Interest expense	2,476	1,867	8,207	6,858	6,219
Interest income	(770)	(396)	(3,170)	(599)	(198)
Depreciation and amortization	17,321	16,455	68,149	64,452	42,716
EBITDA ¹ Gain on step acquisition of equity-	44,773	44,684	163,793	174,469	157,177
accounted investee	-	-	-	-	(37,921)
EBITDA ¹ excluding gain on step acquisition	44,773	44,684	163,793	174,469	119,256

¹ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. See "How We Assess the Performance of Our Business – Non-IFRS Measures" for further information on this measure.

Results of Operations

Three months ended December 31, 2023 compared with 2022

The following section provides an overview of our financial performance for Q4 2023 compared to Q4 2022.

Revenue

Revenue for Q4 2023 increased by 2.0% to \$169.1 million, compared with \$165.8 million in Q4 2022. The increase is primarily attributable to organic growth in our Canadian transportation network, partially offset by lower fuel surcharge revenue, a decline in our US-based truckload rates and reduced revenue related to COVID-19 vaccines and ancillary products. Our COVID-19 related revenue declined to approximately 1.0% of consolidated revenue in Q4 2023, compared to approximately 2.3% in Q4 2022. The increase in revenue was also impacted by the Q4 2022 reclassification of pass-through expenses in our logistics and distribution product line as discussed below.

Healthcare Logistics Segment

Revenue in our healthcare logistics segment for Q4 2023 was \$44.1 million, an increase of 5.5%, or approximately \$2.3 million, compared with Q4 2022. The increase in revenue for this segment was primarily driven by the factors set out below.

Logistics & Distribution

Logistics and distribution revenue for Q4 2023 was \$40.9 million, an increase of 7.8%, or approximately \$2.9 million, compared with Q4 2022. The increase is primarily attributable to a reclassification of approximately \$5.1 million of certain pass-through expenses to logistics and distribution revenue for LSU in accordance with IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") during Q4 2022. This net revenue treatment has been consistently applied during Fiscal 2023. The increase was partially offset by lower outbound order handling and transportation activities for Accuristix and a decline in revenue related to COVID-19 vaccines and ancillary products.

Packaging Solutions

Packaging revenue for Q4 2023 was \$3.3 million, a decrease of 16.7%, or approximately \$0.7 million, compared with Q4 2022. The decline in packaging revenue primarily reflects the loss of one of our customers in Q1 2023, and lower volume from our remaining base of customers compared to Q4 2022.

Specialized Transportation Segment

Revenue in our specialized transportation segment for Q4 2023 was \$124.9 million, an increase of 0.8%, or approximately \$1.0 million, compared with Q4 2022. Revenue in this segment was primarily driven by the factors set out below.

Ground Transportation

Ground transportation revenue for Q4 2023 was \$113.6 million, an increase of 0.5%, or approximately \$0.6 million, compared with Q4 2022. The increase is primarily attributable to organic growth in our Canadian transportation network, partially offset by a decline in our US-based truckload rates, reduced revenue related to COVID-19 vaccines and ancillary products, and lower fuel costs passed through to customers as a component of our pricing compared to Q4 2022. Ground transportation revenue, excluding fuel, in our Canadian network increased by approximately 6.3%. We continued to experience a year-over-year decline in our US-based truckload rates as opportunities to obtain rate premiums in Fiscal 2022 due to pandemic-related equipment and driver shortages have diminished. We believe that our US-based revenue and related margins have returned to more normalized levels in Fiscal 2023 and we do not foresee a return to the premiums we generated in Fiscal 2022, which may impact our comparative growth and margins in future periods.

Air Freight Forwarding

Air freight forwarding revenue for Q4 2023 was \$8.0 million, an increase of 6.1%, or approximately \$0.5 million, compared to Q4 2022, as our clients shipped approximately 1.3% more weight in Q4 2023 compared with Q4 2022. This increase was partially offset by a lower volume of shipments.

Dedicated and Last Mile Delivery

Dedicated and last mile delivery revenue for Q4 2023 was \$18.3 million, an increase of 5.6%, or approximately \$1.0 million, compared with \$17.4 million for Q4 2022. The increase reflects organic growth, partially offset by a reduction in fuel surcharge revenue.

Cost of Transportation and Services

Cost of transportation and services for Q4 2023 was \$85.8 million, or 50.7% of revenue, compared with \$86.3 million, or 52.1% of revenue, for Q4 2022. Lower fuel costs in line with decreases in revenue related to fuel prices were largely offset by increased costs of transportation and services attributable to organic growth in our Canadian ground transportation network.

Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses were \$25.1 million, or 14.8% of revenue, compared with \$21.0 million, or 12.7% of revenue, for Q4 2022. The increase is primarily attributable to the impact of the reclassification of certain pass-through expenses in Q4 2022 to logistics and distribution revenue for LSU in accordance with IFRS 15, resulting in comparatively lower direct operating expenses for Q4 2022. This net revenue treatment has been consistently applied during Fiscal 2023. The increase in direct operating expenses in Q4 2023 was partially offset by a reduction in outbound order handling activities for Accuristix in line with lower revenue.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

SG&A expenses for Q4 2023 were \$12.8 million, or 7.6% of revenue, compared with \$13.8 million, or 8.3% of revenue, for Q4 2022. Our SG&A expenses are in line with our expected operating ratio as a percentage of revenue.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization for Q4 2023 was \$17.3 million, an increase of 5.3% compared with \$16.5 million for Q4 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to investments in facilities and equipment to support our growth and the total amount is consistent as a percentage of our revenue at approximately 10% to 11%.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for Q4 2023 was \$2.5 million compared with \$1.9 million for Q4 2022. Interest expense related to leased facilities and equipment comprises the majority of interest expense; however, \$0.6 million of interest expense for Q4 2023 was incurred in connection with our Credit Facilities, compared with \$0.7 million in Q4 2022. The decrease was attributable to lower amounts drawn on our Credit Facilities, offset by increased interest rates.

At this time, we expect to continue to hold debt under the Term Facility (as defined below), which does not have any repayment schedule except as a single repayment at the end of the four-year term and will incur interest expense until either early repayment or maturity on March 1, 2025.

Interest Income

Interest income for Q4 2023 was \$0.8 million compared with approximately \$0.4 million in Q4 2022. Interest income is generated on our cash and cash equivalents balances and has increased with higher interest rates.

Other Income/Expense

Other expense was \$0.6 million for Q4 2023, compared with other income of approximately \$0.1 million in Q4 2022. These amounts vary from quarter to quarter are not material to our overall performance for Q4 2023 and Q4 2022.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense for Q4 2023 was \$7.2 million compared with \$6.9 million in Q4 2022. Our effective tax rate was close to the statutory rate of 26.5% for Q4 2023 and Q4 2022 after adjusting for non-deductible items such as share-based compensation expenses, taxes relating to previous years, and other negligible adjustments.

Operating Income and Net Income

Operating income for Q4 2023 was \$28.0 million, a decrease of \$0.2 million, or 0.4%, compared with \$28.2 million for Q4 2022. The net decrease in operating income was primarily attributable to lower contributions from our Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA operations.

Income before tax for the specialized transportation segment was \$20.0 million for Q4 2023 compared with \$20.3 million for Q4 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to lower contributions from Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA, mostly offset by organic growth in our Canadian specialized transportation businesses.

Income before tax for the healthcare logistics segment was \$4.7 million for Q4 2023 compared with \$6.0 million for Q4 2022. The decrease reflects reduced outbound order handling and transportation activities in line with the decrease in revenue for the period.

Net income for Q4 2023 was \$18.6 million compared with \$19.8 million in Q4 2022. Lower segment net income before eliminations for our specialized transportation segment was primarily attributable to lower contributions from Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA; and lower segment net income from our healthcare logistics operating segment reflects reduced outbound order handling and transportation activities as discussed above.

Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment

Foreign exchange differences of \$(5.0) million and \$(2.8) million have been recognized in other comprehensive income for Q4 2023 and Q4 2022, respectively. These differences reflect assets and liabilities of Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA which have been translated to Canadian dollars at the exchange rates as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and revenues and expenses which have been translated to Canadian dollars at exchange rates that approximate those on the date of the underlying transactions. Foreign exchange rates averaged approximately \$1.3619 during Q4 2023 and approximately \$1.3580 during Q4 2022.

Total Comprehensive Income

Total comprehensive income was \$13.5 million for Q4 2023 compared to \$17.1 million for Q4 2022. Total comprehensive income differs from net income due to our foreign operations (Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA) resulting in foreign currency translation adjustments as described above.

EBITDA

EBITDA for Q4 2023 was \$44.8 million compared with \$44.7 million for Q4 2022. The increase was due to the factors discussed above and primarily reflects organic growth in our Canadian specialized transportation network, partially offset by lower contributions from our US-based truckload businesses, reduced outbound order handling and transportation activities for Accuristix and lower revenue related to COVID-19 vaccines and ancillary products.

EBITDA Margin

EBITDA Margin for Q4 2023 was 26.5% compared with 27.0% for Q4 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to lower margins in our US-based truckload businesses, partially offset by new business growth in our Canadian specialized transportation network. The performance of our two operating segments continues to result in strong and industry-leading EBITDA Margins. The margin profiles of Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA, which were in line with our consolidated EBITDA range throughout Fiscal 2022, have been impacted in Fiscal 2023 by post-pandemic macroeconomic factors, such as increased equipment and driver availability, resulting in fewer opportunities to obtain rate premiums. We believe that our US-based truckload rates and related margins have returned to more normalized levels in Fiscal 2023, and we do not foresee a return to the premium levels we generated in Fiscal 2022, which may impact our comparative growth and margins in future periods.

Year ended December 31, 2023 compared with 2022

The following section provides an overview of our financial performance for Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022.

Revenue

Revenue for Fiscal 2023 decreased by 0.1% to \$648.0 million, compared with \$648.4 million in Fiscal 2022. Revenue attributable to organic growth in our Canadian specialized transportation business accounted for an increase of approximately \$14.0 million from Fiscal 2022 to Fiscal 2023, which was offset by lower fuel surcharge revenue, downward pressure on our US-based truckload rates, reduced revenue related to COVID-19 vaccines and ancillary products, and a revenue decline in our packaging business.

Healthcare Logistics Segment

Revenue in our healthcare logistics segment for Fiscal 2023 was \$175.9 million, a decrease of 0.5%, or approximately \$0.9 million, compared with Fiscal 2022. The decline in revenue in this segment was primarily driven by the factors set out below.

Logistics & Distribution

Logistics and distribution revenue for Fiscal 2023 was \$159.2 million, an increase of 2.3%, or approximately \$3.6 million, compared with \$155.6 million in Fiscal 2022. Approximately \$5.5 million of the increase was attributable to a full year contribution from LSU (acquired on March 1, 2022), and approximately \$2.8 million was attributable to organic growth. These increases were partially offset by approximately \$4.7 million of reduced revenue related to COVID-19 vaccines and ancillary products.

Packaging Solutions

Packaging revenue for Fiscal 2023 was \$16.8 million, a decrease of 21.3%, or approximately \$4.5 million, compared with Fiscal 2022. The decline in packaging revenue reflects the loss of a customer in Q1 2023 and reduced volume from our remaining base of customers during Fiscal 2023.

Specialized Transportation Segment

Revenue in our specialized transportation segment for Fiscal 2023 was \$472.0 million, an increase of 0.1%, or approximately \$0.5 million, compared with \$471.6 million in Fiscal 2022. The increase in revenue in this segment was primarily driven by the factors set out below.

Ground Transportation

Ground transportation revenue for Fiscal 2023 was \$429.2 million, an increase of 1.6%, or approximately \$6.9 million, compared with Fiscal 2022. The increase was attributable to organic growth for ATS Healthcare and Skelton Canada, partially offset by lower truckload revenue from our US subsidiaries, Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA, and reduced revenue related to COVID-19 vaccines and ancillary products. Increases in fuel-related revenue driven by increased fuel surcharges in Q1 2023 were offset by decreases in fuel related surcharges in the remainder of Fiscal 2023.

Air Freight Forwarding

Air freight forwarding revenue for Fiscal 2023 was \$30.6 million, a decrease of 11.0%, or approximately \$3.8 million, compared with Fiscal 2022. The decrease was attributable to an approximate 16.5% volume decline in Fiscal 2023 compared to Fiscal 2022, primarily reflecting unusually high air freight forwarding shipment volume in Q2 2022. Air freight forwarding volume and revenue are in line with our expectations for Fiscal 2023.

Dedicated and Last Mile Delivery

Dedicated and last mile delivery revenue for Fiscal 2023 was \$68.8 million, an increase of 2.9%, or approximately \$1.9 million, compared with Fiscal 2022. The increase was attributable to expanded routes for existing clients, partially offset by reduced fuel-related revenue passed on to clients reflecting decreased fuel costs during Q2 2023 through Q4 2023 compared with the same periods in Fiscal 2022.

Cost of Transportation and Services

Cost of transportation and services for Fiscal 2023 was \$328.5 million, or 50.7% of revenue, compared with \$322.8 million, or 49.8% of revenue, for Fiscal 2022. The increase reflects greater ground shipment volume related to ATS Healthcare and Skelton, partially offset by lower fuel costs compared with Fiscal 2022. The increase in operating ratio was primarily attributable to lower pricing in our US-based truckload businesses (Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA) as opportunities to obtain rate premiums in Fiscal 2023 related to COVID-19 tailwinds and equipment and driver shortages have diminished.

Direct Operating Expenses

Direct operating expenses for Fiscal 2023 were \$103.8 million, or 16.0% of revenue, compared with \$102.3 million, or 15.8% of revenue, for Fiscal 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to the full-year impact of our acquisition of LSU on March 1, 2022.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

SG&A expenses for Fiscal 2023 were \$51.4 million, or 7.9% of revenue, compared with \$48.5 million, or 7.5% of revenue, for Fiscal 2022. The increase reflects investments in our business growth and the total amount is in line with our expected SG&A expenses as a percentage of revenue.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization for Fiscal 2023 was \$68.1 million, an increase of 5.7%, or \$3.7 million, compared with \$64.5 million for Fiscal 2022. The increase was primarily attributable to organic growth and the total amount is consistent as a percentage of our revenue at approximately 10% to 11%.

Other Income/Expense

Other expense for Fiscal 2023 was \$0.4 million compared with \$0.3 million for Fiscal 2022. These amounts are immaterial to our overall performance for these periods.

Interest Income

Interest income for Fiscal 2023 was \$3.2 million compared with \$0.6 million for Fiscal 2022. Interest income is generated on our cash and cash equivalents balances and reflects higher cash balances and interest rates in Fiscal 2023.

Interest Expense

Interest expense for Fiscal 2023 was \$8.2 million compared with \$6.9 million for Fiscal 2022. Interest expense related to leased facilities and equipment comprises the majority of interest expense; however, \$3.0 million of interest expense was incurred in Fiscal 2023 in connection with the Credit Facilities, compared to \$2.0 million in Fiscal 2022. At this time, we expect to continue to hold debt under the Term Facility, which does not have any repayment schedule except as a single repayment at the end of the term and will incur interest expense on the Term Facility until either early repayment or maturity on March 1, 2025.

Income Tax Expense

Income tax expense for Fiscal 2023 was \$24.5 million compared with \$27.5 million for Fiscal 2022. Our effective tax rate was close to the statutory rate of 26.5% for both Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022 after removing the effect of non-deductible share-based compensation expenses.

Operating Income and Net Income

Operating income for Fiscal 2023 was \$96.1 million, a decrease of \$14.3 million, or 13.0%, compared with \$110.3 million for Fiscal 2022. Approximately \$10.9 million of the decrease was attributable to lower margins in our US-based truckload businesses as described above. The remaining decrease in operating income was attributable to lower revenue generated from COVID-19 related business, lower outbound volume in Accuristix in Q3 2023 and Q4 2023, and lower air freight forwarding revenue in Q2 2023 compared to Q2 2022, partially offset by organic growth in our Canadian ground transportation network.

Net income for Fiscal 2023 decreased by 13.3%, or \$10.1 million, to \$66.1 million, from \$76.3 million for Fiscal 2022. Lower segment net income before eliminations for our specialized transportation operating segment, primarily attributable to reduced US-based truckload rates and related margins and lower air freight forwarding revenue in Q2 2023, contributed to our decreased profitability on a consolidated basis.

Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment

Foreign exchange adjustments of \$(5.4) million and \$14.7 million have been recognized in other comprehensive income for Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022, respectively. This reflects assets and liabilities of Skelton USA and Boyle Transportation which have been translated to Canadian dollars at the exchange rates as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and revenues and expenses which have been translated to Canadian dollars at exchange rates that approximate those on the date of the underlying transaction.

Total Comprehensive Income

Total comprehensive income attributable to the owners of the Company was \$60.7 million for Fiscal 2023 compared to \$91.0 million for Fiscal 2022. Total comprehensive income differs from net income due to our foreign operations (Skelton USA and Boyle Transportation) resulting in foreign currency translation

adjustments as described above.

EBITDA

EBITDA for Fiscal 2023 decreased by 6.1% to \$163.8 million, from \$174.5 million for Fiscal 2022. The decrease in EBITDA was due to the factors discussed above.

EBITDA Margin

EBITDA Margin for Fiscal 2023 was 25.3% compared with 26.9% for Fiscal 2022 and is in line with our pre-pandemic historical range of EBITDA Margins.

Summary of Quarterly Results

While there is no significant seasonality to our business, our results are impacted by our clients' storage and shipping activities throughout the year as well as the timing of new client implementations or exits.

The table below sets out our results for each of the eight most recently completed quarters (unaudited):

(\$CAD 000s) except per share data	Q4-23	Q3-23	Q2-23	Q1-23	Q4-22	Q3-22	Q2-22	Q1-22
Total revenue	169,067	156,754	157,357	164,774	165,772	164,898	169,402	148,351
Operating income	28,044	21,724	22,595	23,690	28,166	27,860	30,157	24,162
Net income	18,561	15,335	15,716	16,528	19,824	18,995	20,985	16,471
Total comprehensive income	13,540	20,147	10,677	16,328	17,052	32,902	27,560	13,504
EBITDA ¹	44,773	39,011	39,540	40,469	44,684	44,072	46,327	39,386
Earnings per share – basic	\$0.45	\$0.37	\$0.37	\$0.39	\$0.47	\$0.45	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.39
Earnings per share - diluted	\$0.44	\$0.36	\$0.37	\$0.39	\$0.46	\$0.44	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.39

¹ This is a non-IFRS financial measure. See "How We Assess the Performance of Our Business – Non-IFRS Measures" for further information on this measure.

Generally, changes in revenue generated through the past eight quarters reflect changes in shipping volumes from our clients, variable fuel surcharge rates, premium U.S. ground transportation rates in Fiscal 2022, and the impact of price increases which are contractually implemented in both of our operating segments annually or as contracts are renegotiated. Our acquisitions of Boyle Transportation and the remaining 51% of Skelton USA in Q4 2021, and LSU in Q1 2022 have driven step change increases in revenue as well.

Several factors, described above, impacted lower revenue in Q2 2023 and Q3 2023 compared to the previous four quarters, including a decline in fuel surcharge revenues driven by lower diesel fuel prices, which are passed on to customers as a component of our pricing. Average fuel prices increased by approximately 6% in Q4 2023 from Q3 2023 but remained approximately 14% below levels experienced in Q4 2022. Average fuel prices increased by approximately 10% in Q3 2023 from Q2 2023 but remained approximately 13% below levels experienced in Q3 2022. Average diesel fuel prices declined from Q2 2022 to Q3 2022, then increased from Q3 2022 to Q4 2022, remained relatively stable in Q4 2022 and then increased again in Q1 2023 before declining in Q2 2023.

Since Fiscal 2021, we have supported the distribution of COVID-19 vaccines and related products, such as test kits and personal protective equipment. Revenue related to COVID-19 declined as a percentage of our total revenue throughout Fiscal 2022 from approximately 5.5% in Q2 2022 to approximately 2.3% in Q4 2022 and declined to less than 1% in Fiscal 2023. We do not expect any appreciable revenue related to COVID-19 beyond Fiscal 2023.

Operating income, net income, comprehensive income, and EBITDA have continued to perform in line with revenue over the past eight quarters. Fiscal 2023 EBITDA margins in our US-based truckload businesses returned to more normalized, pre-pandemic levels and negatively impacted our consolidated margins in Fiscal 2023 relative to Fiscal 2022 by approximately 2.0%. Our EBITDA margin improved in Q4 2023 due to new business growth in our ATS Healthcare business.

We completed our acquisition of Skelton USA in two separate transactions (49% on March 1, 2021 and the remaining 51% on November 1, 2021). Accordingly, in accordance with IFRS 3, we re-measured our previously held equity interest in Skelton USA at its estimated fair value on November 1, 2021 resulting in a gain of \$37.9 million being recognized in income from the step acquisition. Net income, total comprehensive income, EBITDA and earnings per share figures for Q4 2021 reflect this gain.

Liquidity & Capital Resources

Overview

Our principal uses of funds are for operating expenses, taxes, interest, capital expenditures, lease payments and dividends. We believe that cash generated from our operations, together with amounts available under our Credit Facilities will be sufficient to meet our future operating expenses, taxes, interest, capital expenditures, lease payments and any dividends that may be declared by our board of directors. However, our ability to fund operating expenses, taxes, interest, capital expenditures and future lease payments will depend on, among other things, our future operating performance, which will be affected by general economic, financial and other factors, including factors beyond our control. See "Accounting Classifications and Fair Values", "Summary of Factors Affecting Performance" and "Risk Factors" in this MD&A. We review potential acquisitions and investment opportunities in the normal course of our business and may make select acquisitions and investments to implement our growth strategy when suitable opportunities arise.

Our tuck-in acquisitions of TDS and MCI in October 2020 for a purchase price of approximately \$15.9 million in cash were funded from existing cash flow from operations. We financed the acquisitions of Skelton and the initial 49% of Skelton USA in March 2021 through a combination of cash on hand and by drawing \$50.0 million on our Revolving Credit Facility and \$25.0 million on our Term Facility, and by issuing \$25.0 million of Subordinate Voting Shares to the shareholders of Skelton and Skelton USA. During Fiscal 2021, we repaid \$39.0 million of the \$50.0 million initially drawn on our Revolving Credit Facility in connection with the Skelton and Skelton USA acquisitions.

On November 1, 2021, we completed the acquisitions of 100% of Boyle Transportation and the remaining 51% of Skelton USA, increasing our aggregate ownership of Skelton USA to 100%. The aggregate purchase price for the acquisition of Boyle Transportation was approximately US\$83.0 million (\$104.7 million), of which approximately US\$63.0 million was paid in cash and US\$20.0 million was satisfied by issuing 522,116 Subordinate Voting Shares to the shareholders of Boyle Transportation. The aggregate purchase price for the acquisition of the remaining 51% interest in Skelton USA was approximately \$44.8 million, of which \$19.8 million was paid in cash and \$25 million was satisfied by issuing 518,672 Subordinate Voting Shares to the shareholders of the purchase price for each acquisition was funded through the completion of a bought deal equity offering on October 26, 2021, pursuant to which AHG issued 2.0

million Subordinate Voting Shares from treasury for gross proceeds of \$96.4 million to the Company, with the remaining amounts funded from existing cash flow from operations.

On March 1, 2022, we acquired LSU for approximately \$26.7 million. We satisfied the purchase price through the issuance of 154,639 Subordinate Voting Shares to the shareholders of LSU and cash of approximately \$19.2 million comprising the cash portion of the purchase price net of provisional customary working capital adjustments. We financed the cash portion of the purchase price through a combination of cash on hand and by drawing on our Revolving Credit Facility. During Fiscal 2022, we repaid \$23.0 million of the amounts drawn on our Revolving Credit Facility in connection with the LSU and Skelton acquisitions. As at December 31, 2023, there was \$nil drawn on our Revolving Credit Facility.

During Fiscal 2023, cash from operating activities continued to build our cash and cash equivalents balance. On March 24, 2023, the Company announced a NCIB as described below. As of December 31, 2023, a total of 474,740 Subordinate Voting Shares, for a total of approximately \$18.8 million, have been purchased and cancelled pursuant to the NCIB.

Working Capital

The following table presents our working capital position as at December 31, 2023 and 2022:

(\$CAD 000s)	As at Dec	ember 31,
	2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents	59,740	65,855
Trade and other receivables	102,206	98,423
Income taxes receivable	1,230	-
Inventories	5,329	3,326
Prepaid expenses and other	6,605	4,416
Due from related parties	1	56
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(41,795)	(42,918)
Current portion of lease liabilities	(27,697)	(26,547)
Income taxes payable		(16,313)
Working Capital	105,619	86,298

As at December 31, 2023, we had working capital of \$105.6 million compared with working capital of \$86.3 million as at December 31, 2022. The \$19.3 million increase in working capital is primarily attributable to the consistent profitability of our business, net of a \$25.0 million repayment on our Term Facility as described below.

Credit Facilities

We entered into credit facilities upon closing of our IPO, comprised of a revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$75.0 million and a term facility (the "Term Facility", and together with the Revolving Credit Facility, the "Credit Facilities") in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$25.0 million. On February 19, 2021, in connection with our acquisitions of Skelton and 49% of Skelton USA, we amended our Credit Facilities to increase the amounts available to be drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility and the Term Facility each by \$25.0 million. The amended Credit Facilities comprise a Revolving Credit Facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$100.0 million and a Term Facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$20.0 million. The remaining terms and conditions of the Credit Facilities remain unchanged, except that they will mature and be due and payable on March 1, 2025. On August 31, 2023, the Company repaid \$25.0 million on its Term Facility. As at December 31, 2023,

the aggregate amount outstanding before financing costs under the Credit Facilities was \$25.0 million under the Term Facility and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Revolving Credit Facility is available to be drawn in Canadian dollars by way of prime rate loans, bankers' acceptances and letters of credit, and in U.S. dollars by way of base rate loans and letters of credit, in each case, plus the applicable margin in effect from time to time. The Term Facility was drawn in a single Canadian dollar advance of \$25.0 million on closing of the IPO by way of prime rate loans and was subsequently converted to bankers' acceptances and increased by a single Canadian dollar advance of \$25.0 million by way of bankers' acceptances in connection with the Skelton acquisitions on March 1, 2021.

The Credit Facilities are subject to customary negative covenants and include financial covenants requiring us to maintain at all times a maximum net leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio, tested on a quarterly basis. As at December 31, 2023, we were in compliance with all of the covenants under the Credit Facilities.

In order to support future potential growth through acquisitions, the Credit Facilities also include an accordion feature to allow us to increase the commitment under one or both of the Credit Facilities in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$100.0 million, such that any amounts drawn under the accordion feature would be in addition to the amounts ordinarily available, subject to the agreement of participating lenders and provided that we are not, or would not, be in default under the Credit Facilities, or in non-compliance with any financial covenants and an event of default does not or would not exist, after giving effect thereto and provided that all representations and warranties are true and correct immediately prior to, and after giving effect to, such increase. As of the date of this MD&A, this accordion feature remains uncommitted.

Capital Expenditures

Capital expenditures for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 were \$7.6 million and \$23.5 million, respectively, compared with \$11.0 million and \$25.7 million, for Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022, respectively. Capital expenditures have historically been funded through cash flows from operations. We have traditionally divided our capital expenditures into two subcategories, capital expenditures (maintenance) and capital expenditures (growth), which are discussed further below.

Skelton and Boyle Transportation have traditionally purchased their fleets, whereas ATS Healthcare and Skelton USA have historically leased their equipment. As our operating segments run autonomously, we expected these entities to continue their past practices, however the Company has evaluated different lease versus purchase scenarios for its fleets in order to optimize its free cash flow and maintain operational efficiency moving forward. Starting from Q3 2023, the Company will generally seek to lease trucks and tractors and purchase trailers for the foreseeable future to ensure that its tractor fleet continues to run the most fuel efficient and latest diesel engines; and will generally seek to purchase trailers to ensure that their underlying useful lives are maximized. Beyond this evaluation, there are no known trends or expected fluctuations in our capital resources, including expected changes in the mix and relative cost of these resources.

Capital Expenditures (Maintenance)

Maintenance capital expenditures refers to capital expenditures necessary for us to sustain our assets in order to continue operating in our current form. We generally seek to maintain our facilities and equipment at a level consistent with the needs of the sector we operate within and ensure that preventative maintenance programs are in place to achieve the performance expected from our facilities and equipment. Outlays for maintenance capital expenditures for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 were \$7.2 million and \$12.2 million, respectively, compared with \$7.0 million and \$13.3 million for Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022, respectively. These capital expenditures were funded through cash flows from operations.

Capital Expenditures (Growth)

Growth capital expenditures comprise expenditures on new assets that are intended to grow our productive capacity. These capital expenditures are made to acquire or expand leasehold improvements, transportation and logistics equipment (including pick-up and delivery equipment, warehouse racking, material handling equipment, warehouse automation equipment and specialized logistics equipment such as coolers or vaults, among others), furniture and fixtures, and computer equipment to support new contracts or additional volume from new business. Outlays for growth capital expenditures for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 were \$0.4 million and \$11.3 million, respectively, compared with \$4.0 million and \$12.5 million in Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022, respectively.

Growth capital expenditures can range from \$5.0 million to over \$15.0 million in any given fiscal year, depending on the underlying expansion need. Growth capital expenditures have also historically been funded through cash flows from operations. Growth capital expenditures for Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022 relate primarily to the purchase of new tractors and trailers and include approximately \$1.4 million in Fiscal 2023 related to warehouse equipment for a new LSU facility in Laval, Québec. Growth capital expenditures for Q4 2022 were primarily attributable to the purchase of trailers for Skelton and Boyle and warehouse equipment for LSU.

We are implementing the Tecsys Itopia[®] platform, a healthcare logistics 'software as a service' platform, to replace our prior warehouse management system ("WMS"). Tecsys Inc. is a supply chain management software company, and its technology stack will provide us with updated warehouse management and transportation management capabilities as well as end-to-end analytics and business intelligence. Our first client went live on our new WMS in Q4 2022. Implementations continued throughout Fiscal 2023 and will continue into Fiscal 2024. In Fiscal 2023, we capitalized \$1.4 million to intangible assets in connection with our new WMS.

Cash Flows

(\$CAD 000s)		Three Months Ended December 31,		
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash flows				
Cash from Operating Activities	25,164	36,745	104,419	137,128
Cash (used in) Financing Activities	(25,263)	(10,110)	(86,182)	(51,587)
Cash (used in) Investing Activities	(7,941)	(10,928)	(23,848)	(45,557)
Effect of foreign currency translation ¹	(505)	(535)	(504)	881
Net change in cash	(8,545)	15,172	(6,115)	40,865
Select cash flow data				
Capital expenditures	(7,630)	(11,023)	(23,523)	(25,748)
Lease payments	(8,182)	(8,506)	(32,358)	(33,822)

The following table presents cash flows for the three months and year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:

¹ Comprises the effect of differences in exchange rates for U.S. dollar opening balance sheet cash balances on January 1, 2023 and 2022 versus December 31, 2023 and 2022 for Boyle Transportation and Skelton USA.

Cash Flow Generated From Operating Activities

Cash flow generated from operating activities for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 totaled \$25.2 million and \$104.4 million, respectively, compared with \$36.7 million and \$137.1 million for Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022, respectively. The decrease in cash flows generated from operating activities relates principally to lower EBITDA margins in Fiscal 2023 compared with Fiscal 2022 and normal fluctuations in trade accounts receivable, trade accounts payable and other working capital balances. During Fiscal 2023 we made income tax installments based on Fiscal 2022 income taxes, resulting in an over installment of income taxes for Fiscal 2023 due to reduced operating income from our US-based truckload businesses. Accordingly, the Company has \$1.2 million of income taxes receivable as at December 31, 2023.

Cash Flow Used In Financing Activities

Cash flow used in financing activities for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 totaled \$25.3 million and \$86.2 million, compared with \$10.1 million and \$51.6 million for Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022, respectively. On March 1, 2022, we made a \$12.0 million draw on our Revolving Credit Facility in connection with the acquisition of LSU of which we repaid \$5.0 million by the end of Q3 2022. On August 31, 2023, we made a \$25.0 million repayment on our Term Facility. In Q3 2023 and Q4 2023 we purchased 107,740 and 367,000 Subordinate Voting Shares, respectively, for \$4.4 million and \$14.4 million, respectively, pursuant to our NCIB as described below. The remaining cash flows used in financing activities in Q4 2023 and Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022, respectively, relate principally to ordinary course repayments of lease liabilities and related party balances. In Q3 2023 and Q1 2023, we increased our quarterly dividend to \$0.09 (from \$0.08) and to \$0.08 (from \$0.07) per Subordinate Voting Share and Multiple Voting Share, respectively.

Cash Flow Used In Investing Activities

Cash flow used in investing activities for Q4 2023 and Fiscal 2023 totaled \$7.9 million and \$23.8 million, respectively, compared with \$10.9 million and \$45.6 million for Q4 2022 and Fiscal 2022, respectively. The decrease in Fiscal 2023 compared to Fiscal 2022 was primarily attributable to our acquisition of LSU in Q1 2022 which comprised \$21.8 million net of cash acquired. The remaining amounts, comprised normal course expenditures on property, plant and equipment, and intangible assets.

Contractual Obligations

As at December 31, 2023, we had the following contractual commitments:

- Outstanding letters of guarantee in the amount of \$0.4 million (December 31, 2022 \$0.4 million);
- Commitments relating to the leasing of fleet equipment, ranging from 72 to 84 months, beginning upon delivery to us of the equipment in Fiscal 2024, for total lease commitments of \$12.9 million (December 31, 2022 \$11.4 million); and
- Commitments to purchase fleet equipment expected to be delivered during Fiscal 2024 totaling \$4.8 million (December 31, 2022 \$10.1 million).

Credit facilities

As at December 31, 2023, the aggregate amounts outstanding under the Credit Facilities were \$25.0 million under the Term Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2022 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2020 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2020 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 2020 - 50.0 million) and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility (December 31, 200 - 50.0 mi

Leases

We lease buildings and equipment in the operation of our healthcare logistics and specialized transportation operating segments. Building lease terms range from five to 10 years, with many leases including optional extension periods. For Fiscal 2023, facility lease liabilities are calculated using our average incremental borrowing rate of 5.76% (Fiscal 2022 – 5.20%). Equipment lease terms range from one to seven years. For Fiscal 2023, equipment lease liabilities are calculated using our average incremental borrowing rate of 5.94% (Fiscal 2022 – 4.87%) for our specialized transportation segment and 5.74% (Fiscal 2022 – 5.49%) for our healthcare logistics segment.

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations as at December 31, 2023 based on undiscounted cash flows:

		More than 5		
(\$CAD 000s)	Total	Year	1-5 Years	years
Credit facilities	25,000	-	25,000	-
Lease liabilities	114,298	32,285	76,377	5,636
Equipment purchases and lease commitments	17,774	6,836	10,938	-
Other obligations	84,956	41,795	43,161	-
Total contractual obligations	242,028	80,916	155,476	5,636

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably expected to have, a current or future material impact on our financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

Seasonality

There is no significant seasonality to our business.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets

Accounts receivable are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when we become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is an account receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. An account receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

Our financial assets are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and long-term deposits. On initial recognition, we classify these financial assets as measured at amortized cost, when both of the following conditions are met:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and

impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been decreased.

For accounts receivable, we apply a simplified approach in calculating expected credit losses ("ECLs"). Therefore, we do not track changes in credit risk but instead recognize a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. We have established a provision matrix that is based on our historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

When an account receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are offset against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities

Our financial liabilities are comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, lease liabilities, income taxes payable and amounts due from related parties. Our financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange contracts

The Company, from time to time, uses foreign exchange contracts to manage certain exposures to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates as part of its overall risk management program. Earnings impacts from derivatives used to manage a particular risk are reported as part of other comprehensive income.

There were no foreign exchange contracts in place during Fiscal 2023 or as at December 31, 2023 or throughout Fiscal 2022.

Related Party Transactions

Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in our consolidated financial statements for the periods ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

During Fiscal 2023 and Fiscal 2022, we entered into transactions with related parties that were incurred in the normal course of business. Our policy is to conduct all transactions and settle all balances with related parties at market terms and conditions. All outstanding balances with these related parties are measured at amortized cost and are to be settled in cash within two months of the reporting date. None of the balances are secured. No expense has been recognized in the current year or prior year for bad or doubtful debts in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

Certain of our operating units provide services to other operating units outside of their reportable segment. Billings for such services are based on negotiated rates, which approximate fair value, and are reflected as revenues of the billing segment. These rates are adjusted from time to time based on market conditions. Such intersegment revenues and expenses are eliminated in our consolidated results. Michael Andlauer, our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), is also our Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The CODM regularly reviews financial information at the operating segment level in order to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and to assess their performance. Segment results that are reported to the CODM include items directly attributable to a segment, as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. We evaluate performance based on the various financial measures of our two operating segments.

The amounts below are expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise specified.

Andlauer Management Group Inc.

As of the date hereof, Andlauer Management Group Inc. ("AMG") holds all of the Multiple Voting Shares of the Company (the "Multiple Voting Shares" and, together with the Subordinate Voting Shares, the "Shares") and 10,200 Subordinate Voting Shares, representing approximately 52.9% of the issued and outstanding Shares and 81.8% of the voting power attached to all of the Shares. AMG is owned and controlled by Michael Andlauer, our CEO and a director of the Company.

We undertake a limited amount of administrative shared services for AMG. We expect to continue to incur and recover such costs in connection with AMG. For Fiscal 2023, we charged AMG 14 (Fiscal 2022 – 13) for recovery of shared services costs.

Andlauer Properties and Leasing Inc.

Andlauer Properties and Leasing Inc. ("APLI") is a subsidiary of AMG and leases certain facilities and logistics and transportation equipment to us. We also lease facilities and logistics and transportation equipment from arm's length providers. During Fiscal 2023, we paid \$2,237 (Fiscal 2022 - \$2,301) for leases of logistics and transportation equipment; and \$2,239 (Fiscal 2022 - \$2,163) for leases of facilities from APLI. The specific facilities that we lease from APLI are located at: 881 Bell Blvd. W, Belleville, Ontario; 18 Sandbourne Dr., Pontypool, Ontario; 80 – 14th Avenue, Hanover, Ontario; 465 Ofield Road South, Dundas, Ontario; 605 Max Brose Drive, London, Ontario; and 5480 61 Avenue SE, Calgary, Alberta. We expect to continue leasing properties and equipment from APLI. For Fiscal 2023, we charged APLI \$19 (Fiscal 2022 - \$20) for recovery of shared services costs.

9143-5271 Québec Inc.

9143-5271 Québec Inc. is a subsidiary of AMG and leases a facility located at 655 Desserte E. Hwy 13, Laval, Québec to AHG. We also lease facilities from arm's length providers. During Fiscal 2023, we paid \$1,544 (Fiscal 2022 - \$1,532) for this building. We expect to continue leasing this property. For Fiscal 2023, we charged 9143-5271 Québec Inc. \$32 (Fiscal 2022 - \$32) for recovery of shared services costs.

Ready Staffing Solutions Inc.

Ready Staffing Solutions Inc. ("RSS"), a company owned by Mr. Andlauer's spouse, provides us with temporary agency employee services – providing hourly dock labour for our handling operations, principally in the Greater Toronto Area. We also purchase temporary agency employee services from arm's length providers. During Fiscal 2023, we expensed \$6,503 (Fiscal 2022 - \$6,517) for purchases of temporary agency employee services from RSS. We expect to continue purchasing temporary agency services from RSS.

1708998 Ontario Limited (Medical Courier Services)

Medical Courier Services ("MCS") is a subsidiary owned 80% by AMG and provides transportation services to us, providing extended reach for shipments where we do not have our own facilities or equipment. During Fiscal 2023, we expensed \$151 (Fiscal 2022 - \$147) for deliveries subcontracted to MCS. We expect to continue subcontracting deliveries to MCS. Similarly, in Fiscal 2023 we invoiced MCS for \$215 (Fiscal 2022 - \$173) for transportation services provided to MCS. For Fiscal 2023, we charged MCS \$24 (Fiscal 2022 - \$13) for recovery of shared services costs.

Med Express Ltd.

Med Express Ltd. ("MEL") is a subsidiary owned 100% by AMG. MEL provides transportation services to AHG, providing extended reach for shipments where we do not have our own facilities or equipment. We purchased \$20 in services during Fiscal 2023 (Fiscal 2022 - \$40). We expect to continue to subcontract deliveries to MEL from time to time.

D.C. Racking & Maintenance Inc. and Logiserv Inc.

D.C. Racking & Maintenance Inc. ("DCR") and Logiserv Inc. ("Logiserv") are partially owned by Cameron Joyce, an AHG director. DCR provides warehouse racking installation, maintenance and repairs for our healthcare logistics segment. Logiserv provides us with warehouse racking and racking components as well as warehouse racking installation, maintenance and repairs. We also purchase warehouse racking installation, maintenance and repairs. We also purchase warehouse racking installation, maintenance and repairs, and warehouse racking and racking components from arm's length providers. During Fiscal 2023, we expensed \$nil (Fiscal 2023 - \$54) for warehouse racking installation, maintenance and repair services provided by DCR and Logiserv. We expect to continue to purchase warehouse racking installation, maintenance and repair services from DCR and Logiserv. During Fiscal 2023, we purchased \$nil (Fiscal 2022 - \$47) of warehouse racking and racking components from DCR and Logiserv.

C-GHBS Inc.

C-GHBS Inc. ("C-GHBS") is a subsidiary of AMG and provides air travel services to us. We also purchase air travel services from arm's length providers. During Fiscal 2023, we purchased \$58 (Fiscal 2022 - \$104) from C-GHBS. We expect to continue to purchase air travel services from C-GHBS.

Key Management Personnel

Our key management personnel, and persons connected with them, are also considered to be related parties for disclosure purposes. Key management personnel are defined as those individuals having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company and include our CEO, the other four named executive officers comprising key management and the board of directors.

During Fiscal 2023, we recorded 4,849 (Fiscal 2022 – 4,556) related to key management personnel salaries and benefits, share-based compensation, and director fees.

Due from/to related parties

The charts below summarize amounts due to or from related parties.

(\$CAD 000s)	As at Dece	mber 31,
	2023	2022
Accounts receivable		
Andlauer Properties and Leasing Inc.	13	15
1708998 Ontario Limited (Medical Courier Services)	41	32
Trade receivables due from related parties	54	47
Due from related parties		
Andlauer Management Group Inc.	1	56
Due from related parties	1	56
Total due from related parties	55	103
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	150	462
Ready Staffing Solutions Inc.	150	463
1708998 Ontario Limited (Medical Courier Services)	13	18
Andlauer Properties and Leasing Inc.	287	73
Andlauer Management Group Inc.	-	9
Logiserv Inc.	-	12
C-GHBS Inc.		12
Trade payables due to related parties	450	587
Due to related parties		
Andlauer Properties and Leasing Inc.	206	342
Due to related parties	206	342
Total due to related parties	656	929

Critical Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about future events. These estimates and the underlying assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures about contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses and apply equally to both our healthcare logistics segment and our specialized transportation segment. Such estimates include the expected credit losses on accounts receivable, the useful life of long-lived assets, our incremental borrowing rate, valuation of property, plant and equipment, valuation of goodwill and intangible assets, the measurement of identified assets and liabilities acquired in business combinations, share-based compensation arrangements, the provision for income taxes and other provisions and contingencies. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best estimates and judgments. Management evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current economic environment, which management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Management adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Changes in those estimates and assumptions resulting from changes in the economic environment will be reflected in the consolidated financial statements of future periods. Information about critical judgments, assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment

within the next financial year have been described in our consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022. Key estimates and assumptions remain consistent with those disclosed in our consolidated financial statements.

Significant New Accounting Standards

Adopted During the Period

The IASB has issued 'Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2)' with amendments that are intended to help preparers in deciding which accounting policies to disclose in their financial statements. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.

We performed a review of our significant accounting policies with reference to materiality as contemplated by IAS 1 and have listed our material accounting policies in Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements.

To be Adopted in Future Periods

There are no new or anticipated standards which will become effective in future periods that are expected to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Classifications and Fair Values

Our financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, deposits, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. We believe that the carrying amount of each of these items is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Risk Factors

For a detailed description of risk factors associated with the Company, refer to the "Risk Factors" section of our AIF, which is available on the Company's profile on SEDAR+ at <u>www.sedarplus.ca.</u>

Credit Risk

We are exposed to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counterparties in connection with our financial assets, namely cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and long-term deposits. We do not typically obtain collateral or other security to support the accounts receivable subject to credit risk but mitigate this risk by performing credit check procedures for new clients and monitoring credit limits for existing clients. Thereby, we deal only with what management believes to be financially sound counterparties and, accordingly, do not anticipate significant loss for non-performance.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and long-term deposits approximate the amount recorded on the consolidated balance sheets.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that we will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with our financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Our approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that we will have sufficient liquidity to meet our liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to our reputation.

Our exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on the collection of accounts receivable, or raising of funds to meet commitments and sustain operations. We control liquidity risk by management of working capital, cash

flows and the availability of borrowing facilities.

We have entered into Credit Facilities with affiliates of RBC, CIBC, and The Bank of Nova Scotia, comprised of a Revolving Credit Facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$100.0 million and a Term Facility in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$50.0 million. The Credit Facilities are available to be drawn in Canadian dollars by way of prime rate loans, bankers' acceptances and letters of credit, and in U.S. dollars by way of base rate loans and letters of credit, in each case, plus the applicable margin in effect from time to time. In order to support future potential growth through acquisitions, the Credit Facilities also include an accordion feature to allow us to increase the commitment under one or both of the Credit Facilities in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$100.0 million, such that any amounts drawn under the accordion feature would be in addition to the amounts ordinarily available, subject to the agreement of participating lenders and provided that we are not, or would not, be in default under the Credit Facilities or in non-compliance with any financial covenants and an event of default does not or would not exist, after giving effect thereto and provided that all representations and warranties are true and correct immediately prior to, and after giving effect to, such increase. As at December 31, 2023, the aggregate amounts outstanding under the Credit Facilities were \$25.0 million under the Term Facility and \$nil under the Revolving Credit Facility before capitalized financing costs. As of the date of this MD&A, this accordion feature remains uncommitted.

Our accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due and payable in the short term.

Interest Rate Risk

We have a Revolving Credit Facility and Term Facility that each bear interest at a floating rate subject to fluctuations in interest rates. Changes in interest rates can cause fluctuations in interest payments and cash flows. We do not use derivative financial instruments to mitigate the effect of this risk. The Credit Facilities are available to be drawn in Canadian dollars by way of prime rate loans, bankers' acceptances and letters of credit, and in U.S. dollars by way of base rate loans and letters of credit, in each case, plus the applicable margin in effect from time to time. At December 31, 2023, the Credit Facilities comprise bankers' acceptances drawn at an interest rate of 6.9%. Although interest rates have increased during Fiscal 2023 there has been no significant impact on our financial condition or results of operations. There may be further increases in interest rates in the near term as the Governing Council of the Bank of Canada continues to target 2-3% inflation, however we expect that any such increases will not significantly impact our financial condition.

Currency Risk

We enter into foreign currency purchase and sale transactions and have assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies and thus are exposed to the financial risk of earnings fluctuations arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. We use derivative instruments to reduce our exposure to foreign currency risk only where appropriate. During Fiscal 2023 and as at December 31, 2023 there were no derivative instruments in place.

Outstanding Share Data

Our authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of Subordinate Voting Shares, an unlimited number of Multiple Voting Shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series. As at March 5, 2024, there were 19,482,993 Subordinate Voting Shares issued and outstanding, 21,840,000 Multiple Voting Shares issued and outstanding (each of which is convertible into Subordinate Voting Shares on a one-for-one basis), and no preferred shares issued and outstanding. In addition, as at such date we had 1,106,093 options, each of which can be exercised or settled for one Subordinate Voting Share and 56,536 Deferred Share Units issued and outstanding under our omnibus incentive plan. As of the date hereof, AMG holds all of the Multiple Voting Shares and 10,200 of the Subordinate Voting Shares, representing approximately 52.9% of the issued and outstanding Shares and 81.8% of the voting power attached to all of the Shares.

On March 24, 2023, the Company announced that the TSX had approved its notice of intention to make a normal course issuer bid ("NCIB") for up to a maximum of 1,856,857 of its Subordinate Voting Shares, or approximately 10% of its public float as of March 23, 2023, over the 12-month period commencing on March 29, 2023. The bid will terminate on March 28, 2024, or such earlier time as the Company completes its purchases pursuant to the bid or provides notice of termination. In connection with the NCIB, the Company established an automatic securities purchase plan ("ASPP") with its designated broker that contains specified parameters regarding how its Subordinate Voting Shares may be purchased under the NCIB during times when the Company would ordinarily not be permitted to make such purchases due to regulatory restrictions or self-imposed blackout periods. The Company has and may in the future, temporarily suspend the ASPP and vary the specified purchase parameters included therein, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the ASPP. Any Subordinate Voting Shares purchased under the NCIB will be cancelled upon their purchase. AHG intends to fund purchases out of its available cash. As of the date hereof, 618,785 Subordinate Voting Shares have been purchased and cancelled pursuant to the NCIB.

Subject to financial results, capital requirements, available cash flow, corporate law requirements and any other factors that our board of directors may consider relevant, we expect to declare a quarterly dividend on the Subordinate Voting Shares and Multiple Voting Shares equal to approximately \$0.10 per share on an ongoing basis. Our Q4 2023 dividend, in the amount of \$0.09 per Share, was paid on January 15, 2024 to shareholders of record as at December 29, 2023. Dividends are declared and paid in arrears. The amount and timing of the payment of any dividends are not guaranteed and are subject to the discretion of our board of directors.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

In compliance with the provisions of National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*, we have filed certificates signed by our CEO and by our Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") that, among other things, report on:

- their responsibility for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR") for the Company; and
- the design and effectiveness of DC&P and the design and effectiveness of ICFR.

Management, including our CEO and CFO, does not expect that the disclosure controls or internal controls over financial reporting of the Company will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud or will be effective under all potential future conditions. A control system is subject to inherent limitations and, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control systems objectives will be met.

Further, the design of a control system must reflect that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors or mistakes. Controls can also be circumvented by individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people or by management override of the controls. Due to the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. The design of any control system is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential conditions. Projections of any evaluations of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The CEO and the CFO, have designed DC&P, or have caused them to be designed under their supervision, in order to provide reasonable assurance that:

- material information relating to AHG is made known to the CEO and CFO by others, particularly during the period in which the interim and annual filings are being prepared; and
- information required to be disclosed by AHG in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation.

Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

The CEO and CFO have also designed ICFR, or have caused them to be designed under their supervision, in order to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

The control framework used to design our ICFR is based on the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) on Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013 framework).

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

No changes were made to our ICFR during Fiscal 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our ICFR.

Additional Information

Additional information about AHG, including our AIF, can be found on our profile on SEDAR+ at <u>www.sedarplus.ca</u> or on our website at <u>www.andlauerhealthcare.com</u>.